In 2017, 333 people who identified as trans were known to be living with HIV in Illinois.

According to the 2015 U.S. Transgender Survey:

- **3.4%** of trans women reported living with HIV, which is 11 times higher than the general US population.

- The percentage of trans men (0.3%) and non-binary people (0.4%) who reported living with HIV was similar to the general population.

- The rate of reported HIV was 6 times higher among Latina trans women and 27 times higher among Black trans women.

- 46% of participants in the U.S. Transgender Survey reported that they did not know their HIV status.

Data for HIV, Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs), and Hepatitis C among trans people are often limited or incomplete. More efforts are needed to ensure that all gender identities are included in medical records so these data are available.

HIV among trans people is not influenced by behavioral factors alone. Social factors such as:

- **Racism**
- **Gender Bias**
- **Stigma**
- **Limited Access to Medical Services**
- **Classism**

can impact the way that HIV and HCV affect a community.